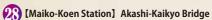
Visiting Literary Landmarks along the Hanshin Railway Line

(26) [Sumaura-Koen Station] Sumaura Park

The park is famous as a place where the Battle of Ichi-no-Tani, one of the fiercest battles of the Genpei War, was fought. It has historic spots such as Atsumori-zuka, a stone monument which is said to have been built as a memorial to Taira no Atsumori. The park, which is famous as a cherry blossom viewing spot, has been selected as one of 50 best flower viewing spots in Kobe.



emorate Sun Yat-sen, a great Chinese revolutionist, statesman and philosopher, The facility, also known as Ijokaku, is a three-storied octagonal building originally built in 1915 as a villa by Wu Jintang, a Chinese merchant living in Kobe, Ijokaku was opened to the public as Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hall in 1984 and was designated an important cultural property of Hyogo Prefecture in 1993.



Opened to service on April 5, 1998, Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge is the world's longest sion bridge with a total length of 3,911 meters and a central span of 1,991 meters.



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The two main supporting towers rise about 300 meters above sea level. The bridge crosses the Akashi Strait, connecting Higashi Maiko-cho, Tarumi-ku, Kobe City with Iwaya, Awaji City. The bridge is popularly known as Pearl Bridge, as it looks like a beautiful string of pearls when it is litght up at night.

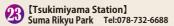
[Daikai Station] Nofuku Temple (Hyogo Daibutsu)

Nofuku Temple is depicted in *The Tale of the Heike**, a literary classic. It is also well known as a temple where Taira no Kiyomori shaved his head and entered the priesthood. The temple houses Hyogo Daibutsu, one of Japan's three traditional Great Buddhas in Japa



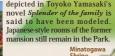
[Daikai Station] Kiyomori-zuka Tomb & Biwa-zuka Pagoda

Kiyomori-zuka Tomb is said to have been built as a memorial to Taira no Kiyomori by Hojo Sadatoki when he was a regent of the Kamakura shogunate. Located next to the tomb is Biwa-zuka Pagoda. It came to be called as such, because the monument was believed to be connected with Taira no Tsunemasa, who was a good player of the biwa, a pear-shaped lute.



Suma Rikyu Park is a huge urban park consisting of a main park area including a Western-style garden and a botanical garden area. The Park has a hill named Tsukimidai, also well known as Tsukimi no Yama, or Moon Viewing Hill, where Ariwara no Yukihira missed Kyoto and his life there and healed his heart by viewing the moon. He was one of the real-life figures who inspired Murasaki Shikibu when she created the hero Hikaru Genji for *The Tale of Genji*. Meanwhile, the botanical garden area is located on the site of a mansion of the Okazaki family, which headed the Okazaki conglomerate, on which the conglomerat depicted in Toyoko Yamasaki

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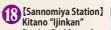


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[Mikage Station] Mt. Rokko Tel:078-894-2210 Rokko Cable Car Tel:078-861-5288 The night view of Kobe is one of the three greatest night views in Japan, along with those of Hakodate and Nagasaki. Mt. Rokko, which is

one of the best viewing spots in the Kansai region, offers a panoramic night view of Kobe, which is called the "ten million dollar night view."

Kobe City Bus No. 16 connects Hanshin Mikage Station to



Foreign Residence Area Kitano is an area that has merous foreign residences. Many of those residences have been designated National

Important Cultural Properties.

Visitors can feel as if they were back in the Meiji and Taisho periods when they visit traditional Western-style buildings in



[Ashiya Station] Tanizaki Junichiro Memorial Museum of Literature, Ashiya Tel:0797-23-5852

Opened in 1988, the museum houses and items related to Junichiro Tanizaki

including his favorite desk, ink stone, ink brushes, art objects and handwritten manuscripts. [Uozaki Station]
Former residence of Junichiro Tanizaki "Ishoan" Tel:078-842-0730

Located along the Sumiyo River, the former residence of Junichiro Tanizaki is famous for being the setting for his masterpiece novel The Makioka Sisters

[Uozaki Station] Kikumasamune Sake Memorial Museum Tel:078-854-1029

The museum exhibits 566 brewing that have been designated important tangible folk-cultural properties by the Japanese government allowing visitors to imagine how brewery workers worked in the old sample sake and buy



Opened in 1945, the marina has long been known as a center of marine sports in the Kansai region. It is said that a yacht harbor depicted in a passage in the long novel 1Q84 by Haruki Murakami is Nishinomiya

(Koroen Stationary Ashihara Bridge [Koroen Station]

Shukugawa River is a 7-km clear river that runs in a north-south direction. Ashihara Bridge is a small bridge that spans the river near its mouth. The bridge is famous as the one that appears in Haruki Murakami's essay Afternoon in



[Amagasaki Station] Amagasaki Chuo Shopping Arcade & Sanwa Hondori Shopping Arcade

There are about 600 stores lining this extensive network of old classic shopping arcades covering the area stretching from Amagasaki Station to Deyashiki Station, with a combined length of 2 km. It is said that a shopping arcade in an animated cartoon version of *The Melancholy of Haruhi Suzumiya* was modeled after these arcades, which have prospered as a center of Amagasaki for such a long time

[Amagasaki Station] Teramachi

Located to the south west of Amagasaki Station, the Teramachi Amagasaki Station, the Teramachi district has a concentration of Buddhist temples — 11 temples in total now. Although Teramachi is located in the center of the city, it is a special place where visitors can feel as if they were back in the Edo period.

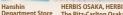




[Osaka-Namba Station] & Surrounding Areas

These two stations are respectively located in the centers of north and south Osaka. The areas surrounding the stations have various famous restaurants, shops and entertainment



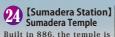


(Nishi-Shimmachi Station) Kaikoin Temple

Kaikoin Temple, which was revived by Taira no Kiyomori, is the oldest Buddhist temple in Akashi City. The temple is regarded as being located on the siste of Akashi no Nyudo's residence called "Hamabe no Yakata (beach residence)." Akashi no Nyudo was a fictitious person in the novel *The Tale of Genji*, who invited the hero Hikaru Genji to move to Akashi from Suma. In the grounds of the temple are various stone monuments, including a stone monument to Akashi no Nyudo a stone monument to Akashi no Nyudo, a stone monument to the pine tree on Akashi no Ura beach (a monument associated with Hikaru Genji) and a stone monument built as a memorial to Taira no Kiyomori, which has been designated a cultural property of Akashi City.

* The Tale of the Heike is a war epic based on historical

The novel 1084 has a scene in which a girl called Fukaeri recites a passage from The Tale of the Heike, in response to a request from a man called Tengo



notable for its historical connection to the Genpei War—a conflict between the Taira and Minamoto clans during the late Heian period. In the grounds of the temple is a mon ent of a

life-size reproduction of a scene of the one-on-one battle between Taira no Kumagai no Naozane. The treasure hall of the tensure han of the temple houses items related to the two clans, materials related to the Genpei War, Japan's oldest ichigenkin one-stringed Japanese harp, and other various items.



It has been said from ancient times that Hikaru Genii, the hero of Murasaki Shikibu's novel The Tale of Genji, lived humbly in this temple after moving to Suma from Kyoto. For this reason, Genkoji Temple used to be called Genjidera

[Motomachi Station] The Former Foreign Settlement of Kobe & Nankinmachi (Chinatown)

The Former Foreign Settlement of Kobe is a district where Western foreigners were allowed to live during the late 19th century. The neighboring Nankinmachi is well known





[Nishidai Station] Tetsujin 28-go Monument

The monument is an 18-meter actual-size replica of a popular robot depicted in the manga Tetsujin 28-go in the 1950s and 1960s. It was built in memory of its writer and

illustrator Mitsuteru Yokovama, a cartoonist from Kobe, as a ymbol of the reconstruction and revitalization of Kobe.

[4] [Ishiyagawa Station] Ishiyagawa Park

The park stretches from north to south along Ishiyagawa River, known as a raised bed river. Along the river stands a stone monument to *Grave of the Fireflies*, an animation movie based on the novel with the same title.

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[Motomachi Station] **Kobe Port Tower** Meriken Park

Located in the proud Meriken Park are popula

8 [Koroen Station] Catholic Shukugawa Church

The church was established in 1921 as the first Catholic church in the so-called Hanshinkan area (the area between Osaka and Kobe [both exclusive]). The church is where novelist Shi Endo was baptized and is said to be the origin of his literary creations. This beautiful neo-gothic style church a symbol of the Shukugawa area.



The library building, which used to belong to Itsumi Bank in the late Meiji period, was relocated to the current site from Osaka in 1930. The building is referred to as "Ashiya City Library (at that time)" in Smerdyakov versus a Group of Subordinates of Oda Nobunaga, a collection of essay by Haruki Murakami.

[Uchide Station] Uchide Park

Commonly called "Monkey Park." Uchide Park is well known as "a park with a monkey" depicted in a scene from Haruki Murakami's first novel Hear the Wind Sing





As the mecca of high school baseball, the stadium has provided a setting for many manga such as *Dokaben* and Touch. It is said that a stadium depicted in The Wind-Up Bird



conicle, a novel by Haruki Murakami, is Hanshin Koshien

[Nishinomiya Station] Nishinomiya Shrine

Nishinomiya Shrine is the head shrine of all Ebisu shrines, or shrines dedicated to Ebisu, the god of good fortune, During Toka-Ebisu Festival.

